Name				

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

A) luxury goods, n B) food, shelter an C) land, labor and	11	1)
A) Net exports are B) The purchase o C) Investment rep	ng statements is correct? e imports minus exports. of a new home is treated as investment. presents household purchases of assets. is spending by firms and households on new capital.	2)
The Restaurant uses \$5 Consumers directly cor	worth of wheat to make bread. 500 worth of wheat to make food and \$1,000 worth of baked goods. nsume the remaining \$1,000 worth of baked goods. Wheat Farmer Bakery Restaurant Lawyer's Office	3)
Revenue	\$ 1,000.00 \$ 2,000.00 \$ 3,000.00 \$ 2,500.00	

Intermediate go	od				
Wages	\$	300.00 \$	600.00 \$	800.00 \$	1,500.00
Interest	\$	50.00 \$	100.00 \$	50.00 \$	100.00
Taxes	\$	50.00 \$	50.00 \$	40.00 \$	400.00
Profits					

Value Added

A)	\$500
A)	\$500

			Price	per Unit i	in
	Units Purchased	1998	1999	2000	2001
Apples	10	\$1.50	\$1.80	\$2.00	\$2.10
Oranges	5	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$2.00	\$2.40
Milk	2	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$3.00	\$3.50

D) \$0

5) _____

Table 6.10

4) Refer to Table 6.10. If 1999 is the base year, then the inflation rate (i.e., the growth rate of the price	4)
index) between 2000 and 2001 is:	

A) about 9 percent.	B) about 7 percent.
C) about 11 percent.	D) about 13 percent.

5) Refer to Table 6.10.	If 1999 is the base year, the	price index in 1998 is:	
A) 96.7.	B) 113.8.	C) 84.5.	D) 103.9.

6)]	Refer to Table 6.10. Su A) 1.		1999 is the ba 3) 10.	ase <u>:</u>	-	price C) 1(l999 i	s: D) 1,000.	6)
7) \$	Some costs associated A) menu and shoe- C) opportunity and	leather	costs.	flati			-		a larger trade deficit. ettlement costs.	7)
,	8) The Bakery uses \$500 worth of wheat to make bread. The Restaurant uses \$500 worth of wheat to make food and \$1,000 worth of baked goods. Consumers directly consume the remaining \$1,000 worth of baked goods.								8)	
		Whea	it Farmer	Bak	kery	Res	taurant	Lawy	er's Office	
	Revenue	\$	1,000.00	\$	2,000.00	\$:	3,000.00	\$	2,500.00	
	Intermediate good									
-	Wages	\$	300.00	\$	600.00	\$	800.00	\$	1,500.00	
	Interest Taxes	\$ \$	50.00 50.00	-	100.00 50.00		50.00 40.00		100.00 400.00	
-	Profits	Ŷ	50.00	Ļ	50.00	Ļ	40.00	Ļ	400.00	
	Value Added									
			2							
	How big is GDP in thi A) \$5000		omy? B) \$5,500			C) \$6	5,000		D) \$6,500	
	 9) Suppose your bank pays you 5% interest per year on your savings account while prices increase by 3% per year over that time. Approximately how much nominal value do you gain by keeping \$100 in the bank for a year? A) \$5 B) \$0 C) \$2.00 D) \$2.50 							9)		
i		arket va	lue of the di	shv	vasher ma	chin	es in 2011	was §	8 in 2011 and added 2 to \$200 per unit. What is the	10)
	A) \$400								D) \$1,600	
11) GDP is not a perfect measure of social welfare and the society's economic well-being because:A) it does not include all economic activities in the economy.B) it does not say anything about the distribution of income.C) GDP accounting rules do not adjust for production that causes negative spillovers.D) all of the above.						11)				
	Janie graduated from start next month. Toda A) in the labor force C) a discouraged w	ay, Janie e.		o an		B) er	out work. S nployed. ot in the la		-	12)
	A person who is curre as:	ntly act	ively lookin	g fo	or a job, bı	ıt has	s <u>not</u> found	t a jol	b is classified by the BLS	13)
	A) employed.					B) ui	nemployed	l.		
	C) under 16.					D) no	ot in the la	bor fo	orce.	

14) Which of the following is a transfer payment and is not counted as part of government purchases?

A) government worker salaries C) defense spending B) government spending on federal prisons

14) _____

15) _____

D) government welfare payments

15) When we calculate the percent change in the real GDP between 2008 and 2009, we:

- A) subtract 2008 real GDP from 2009 real GDP.
- B) take the average of 2008 and 2009 real GDP.
- C) subtract 2008 real GDP from 2009 real GDP, and express the difference as a proportion of 2008 real GDP.
- D) divide 2008 real GDP with 2009 real GDP.

	Employed Unemployed Not in the Labor Force	11,000 people 2,500 people 3,000 people							
Table 6.1									
16) Refer to Table 6.1. The uner A) 9.09%.	nployment rate is: B) 15.2%.	C) 18.5%.	D) 22.7%.	16)					
17) Which of the following is <u>n</u> A) physical capital	D) labor	17)							
 18) Gross domestic product measures: A) the total income earned from current production of final goods and services in the country. B) the total spending on currently-produced final goods and services in the country. C) the total market value of all currently-produced final output in the country. D) all of the above. 									
19) The equation for GDP usingA) GDP = ConsumptionB) GDP = ConsumptionC) GDP = ConsumptionD) GDP = Consumption	19)								
	Coconuts/hoRose6Sharon3	our Fish/hour 2 4							

Table 3.2

A) Sharon has an absolute advantage in producing fish but not coconuts.

- B) Sharon has an absolute advantage in producing coconuts but not fish.
- C) Sharon has an absolute advantage in producing both goods.

D) Sharon does not have an absolute advantage in producing either good.

21) Consumer expenditure Consumption Expendi		iances rej	present	which of the follo	owing components of	21)
A) services			B) du	rable goods		
C) nondurable good	ls		D) inv	ventory investme	nt	
22) is commonly	defined as six consec	cutive mo	onths of	declining real GI	DP.	22)
A) An expansion				recession	D) A trough	
n) i in expansion	D) II peak		0,111		D) II dough	
23) A person who is current is classified by the BLS		for a job,	but has	a job that pays fo	r 5 hours a week only	23)
A) employed.			B) un	employed.		
C) not in the labor for	orce.			der 16.		
,						
24) Consider the following	reconomy (Treat 201	5 as the l	hase vea	r).		24)
year quantity: com					e. prezd	
2015	100		\$		20.00	
2016	110	600	\$	1,100.00 \$	25.00	
The growth rate of re						
A) 24%	B) 20%		C) 119	%	D) 12%	
25) Consider the following	geconomy (Treat 201	5 as the h	base yea	r):		25)
year quantity: com	puters quantity: l	oread	price: co	omputers pric	e: bread	
2015	100		'\$		20.00	
2016	110		\$		25.00	
2010	110	000	Ļ	1,100.00 \$	25.00	
What is real GDP in 2	0162					
			C) \$13	32 000	D) \$122,000	
A) \$110,00	B) \$136,000		C) \$13	52,000	D) \$122,000	
26) Consider the following			2	,		26)
	puters quantity: I					
2015	100	500	\$	1,000.00 \$	20.00	
2016	110	600	\$	1,100.00 \$	25.00	
What is nominal GDP	in 2016?					
A) \$136,000	B) \$122,000		C) \$11	10,000	D) \$140,000	
27) If a farmer buys a new	tractor from John De	ere for u	se on he	r cotton farm, it i	s included in GDP as:	27)
A) a durable consum				ondurable consu		
C) part of private in			,	ervice.	inp tion 800 th	
c) part of private in	vestment.		D) u 5			
$2(0) \in 1$	(0/:				1. 20/	20)
28) Suppose your bank pa		-	-	-		28)
per year over that time	e, approximately how	much no	ominal v	aiue do you gair	by keeping \$100 in	
the bank for a year?	D) #4				D) #107	
A) \$3	B) \$6		C) \$0		D) \$106	
29) If the labor force is 250	,000 and the total pop	oulation	16 years	of age or older is	300,000, the	29)
labor-force participation	on rate is:					
A) 83.3%.	B) 45.4%.		C) 79.	5%.	D) 80.9%.	

30) When the market does <u>not</u> produce the most efficient outcomes, it is known as:								30)
A) ca	apitalism.	B) market failure.		C) fraud	d.		D) corruption.	
31) Consider the following economy (Treat 2015 as the base year):								31)
year quantity: computers quantity: bread price: computers price: bread								
2015		100	500	\$	1,000.00	\$	20.00	
2016		110	600	\$	1,100.00	\$	25.00	
What is the GDP deflator?								
A) 1	.115	B) 1.236		C) 1.109)		D) 1.205	

Answer Key Testname: 2016-FALL-HYBRID-MT1

 2) B
 3) C
 4) C
 5) C 6) C 7) A 8) D 9) A 10) C 11) D 12) A 13) B 14) D 15) C 16) C 17) B 18) D 19) D 20) A 21) B 22) C 23) A 24) C 25) D 26) A 27) C 28) B 29) A 30) B

31) A

1) D